

Math 432 - Numerical Linear Algebra - Fall 2013

Homework 4

Assigned: Friday, September 20, 2013

Due: **Friday, September 27, 2013**

- Include a cover page and a problem sheet.
1. (# 4.3 (c)) Show that the roots of the polynomial $(x - 1)(x - 0.99)(x - 2)$ are ill-conditioned and give reasons for your answer.

For **Matlab resources** please see page 78 of the textbook.

Matlab is available in all computer labs on campus as well as via VLAB

2. (# 4.9) Consider the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 12 & 11 & 10 & \dots & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 11 & 11 & 10 & \dots & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 10 & 10 & \ddots & & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & & & \ddots & \ddots & 2 & \vdots \\ 0 & \dots & \dots & \dots & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Find the eigenvalues of this matrix using Matlab command **eig**. Now perturb the (1, 12) elements by 10^{-9} and compute the eigenvalues of this perturbed matrix. What conclusion do you make about the conditioning of the eigenvalues?

3. (# 4.16 - 4.17 (a))
 - (a) How are $\text{Cond}(A)$ and $\text{Cond}(A^{-1})$ related?
 - (b) Show that
 - i. $\text{Cond}(A) \geq 1$ for a norm $\|\cdot\|$ such that $\|I\| \geq 1$;
 - ii. $\text{Cond}_2(A^T A) = (\text{Cond}_2(A))^2$;
 - iii. $\text{Cond}(cA) = \text{Cond}(A)$ for any given norm;
 - (c) Let A be an orthogonal matrix. Then show that $\text{Cond}_2(A) = 1$.
4. (# M4.2) Using the function **for**, write a Matlab program to find the *inner product* and the *outer product* of two n -vectors u and v .

$$[s] = \text{inpro}(u, v)$$

$$[A] = \text{outpro}(u, v)$$

Test your program on vectors $u = (1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4)^T$ and $v = (5 \ 6 \ 7 \ 8)^T$.

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Homework 4, updated problem # 5

Due: Monday, September 30, 2013

5. (# M4.10)

- (a) Write a Matlab program to construct the $n \times n$ lower triangular matrix $A = (a_{ij})$ as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} a_{ij} &= 1 & \text{if } i = j, \\ a_{ij} &= -1 & \text{if } i > j, \\ a_{ij} &= 0 & \text{if } i < j. \end{aligned}$$

- (b) Perform an experiment to show that the solution of $Ax = b$ with A as above and the vector b created such that $Ax = b$, where $x = \text{rand}(n, 1)$, becomes more and more inaccurate as n increases due to increasing ill-conditioning of A . Let \hat{x} denote the computed solution.

Present your results in the following form

n	$\text{Cond}(A)$	Relative error $\frac{\ x - \hat{x}\ _2}{\ x\ _2}$	Residual norm $\frac{\ b - A\hat{x}\ _2}{\ b\ _2}$
10			
20			
30			
40			
50			

Print x and \hat{x} for each value of n as column vectors next to each other.

Note: Please include printouts of your programs and output results.