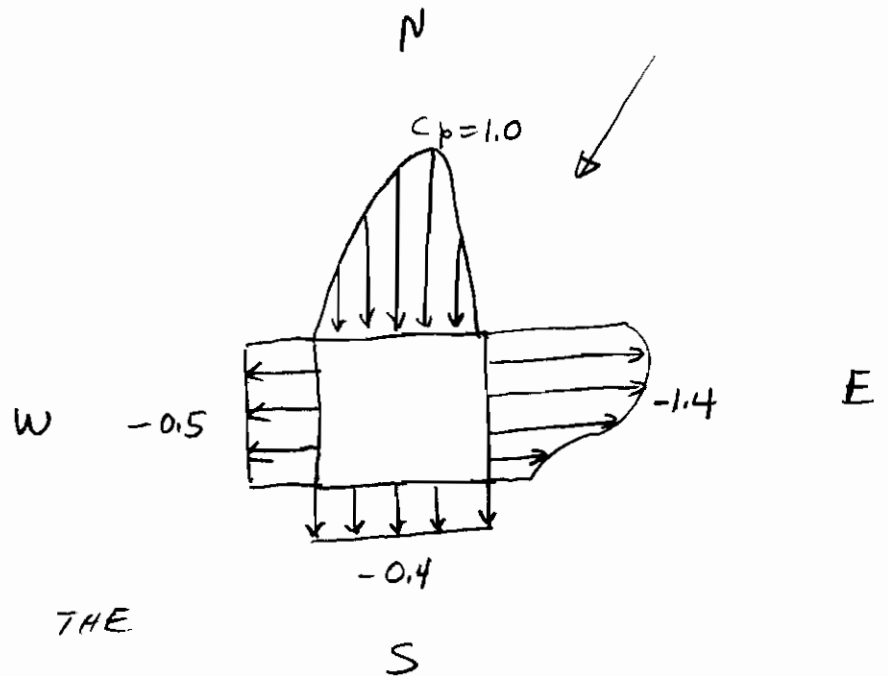


11.2

GIVEN: PRESSURE
DISTRIBUTION AS
SHOWN;



FIND: DIRECTION THE
FLOW IS COMING FROM -

SOLUTION: HAS TO BE NW OR

NE BECAUSE $C_p > 0$ ON NORTH
SIDE OF SQUARE. I CHOOSE NE

BECAUSE C_p PEAK ON NORTH
SIDE IS SLIGHTLY SKEWED
TO THE EAST.

11.3 (1)

GIVEN:

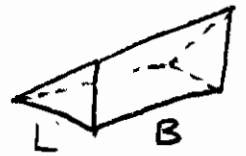
PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS AS SHOWN ON TRIANGULAR ROD.

FIND: C_d OF ROD.

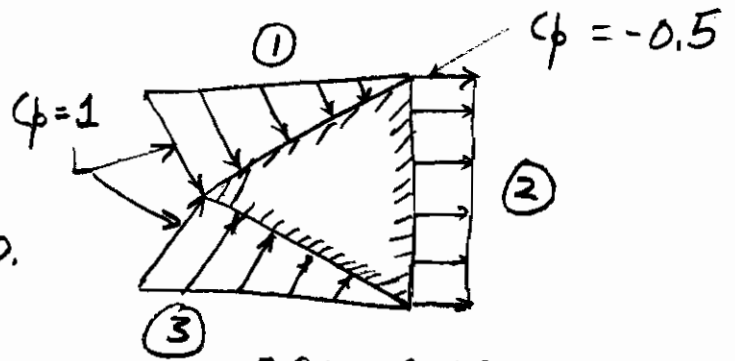
SOLUTION:

$$C_D = \frac{F_D}{\frac{1}{2} \rho V_0^2 A_p}$$

$$A_p = LB$$



EQUILATERAL TRIANGULAR ROD

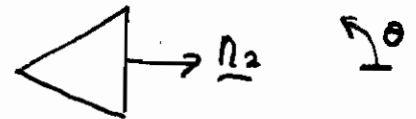


L IS THE LENGTH OF EACH FACE OF THE ROD.

$$F_D = F_{D1} + F_{D2} + F_{D3}$$

$$F_{D1} = F_{D3}$$

$$F_D = 2F_{D1} + F_{D2}$$



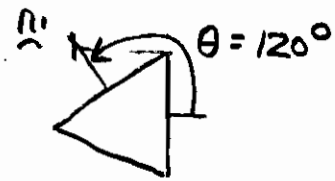
$$\theta = 0^\circ$$

$$F_{D2} = - \int_{A_2} p \cos \theta dA_2$$

$$F_{D2} = - \left[p_0 + \frac{1}{2} \rho V_0^2 (-0.5) \right] LB$$

$$p = p_0 + \frac{1}{2} \rho V_0^2 C_p$$

$$F_{D1} = - \int_{A_1} \left(p_0 + \frac{1}{2} \rho V_0^2 C_p \right) \cos(120^\circ) dA_1$$



$$C_p = \frac{s}{L}$$



$$F_{D1} = 0.5 p_0 LB - \frac{1}{2} \rho V_0^2 B \int_{s=0}^{s=L} \left(\frac{s}{L} \right) (-0.5) ds$$

$$F_{D1} = 0.5 p_0 LB + 0.5 \left(\frac{1}{2} \rho V_0^2 B \right) \left(\frac{1}{L} \right) \frac{1}{2} s^2 \Big|_0^L$$

11.3 (2)

$$F_{01} = 0.5 \rho_0 L B + \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \rho V_0^2 L B \right)$$

$$F_D = \overbrace{\rho_0 L B + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \rho V_0^2 L B \right)}^{2F_{01}} - \overbrace{\rho_0 L B + 0.5 \left(\frac{1}{2} \rho V_0^2 L B \right)}^{F_{D2}}$$

$$F_D = 1.0 \left(\frac{1}{2} \rho V_0^2 L B \right)$$

$$C_D = \frac{1.0 \left(\frac{1}{2} \rho V_0^2 L B \right)}{\frac{1}{2} \rho V_0^2 L B}$$

$$C_D = 1.0$$

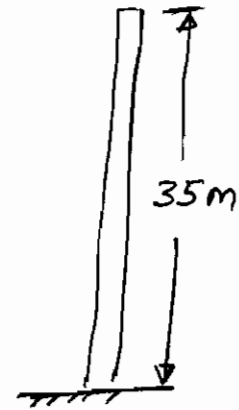
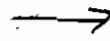
11.8

GIVEN: 10 CM DIAMETER

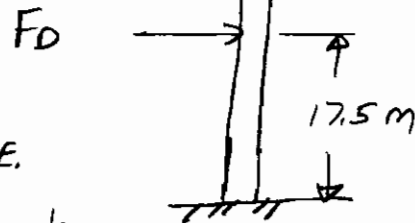
FLAG POLE AS SHOWN.

 $p_0 = 100 \text{ kPa}$ AND $T_0 = 20^\circ\text{C}$.

25 m/s

FIND: ESTIMATE MOMENT AT
BASE OF POLE.SOLUTION: ASSUME, (1) 2-D DRAG ON POLE
WITH NEGLIGIBLE END EFFECTS, (2) UNIFORM
VELOCITY OF 25 m/s OVER ENTIRE POLE.

$$\text{NOW } F_D = C_D A_p \frac{1}{2} \rho V_0^2$$

IS THE RESULTANT
DRAG FORCE WHICH
ACTS AT CENTER OF POLE.

$$M = (17.5 \text{ m}) F_D$$

$$\rho = \frac{100,000}{(287)(293)} = 1.189 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$$

$$Re = \frac{D V_0}{\nu} = \frac{(0.1)(25)}{1.51 \times 10^{-5}} \quad Re = 1.66 \times 10^5$$

FROM FIGURE 11.5 ; $C_D = 0.9$

$$F_D = (0.9)(0.1)(35)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(1.189)(25)^2 = 1170 \text{ N}$$

$$M = 20,500 \text{ N-m}$$