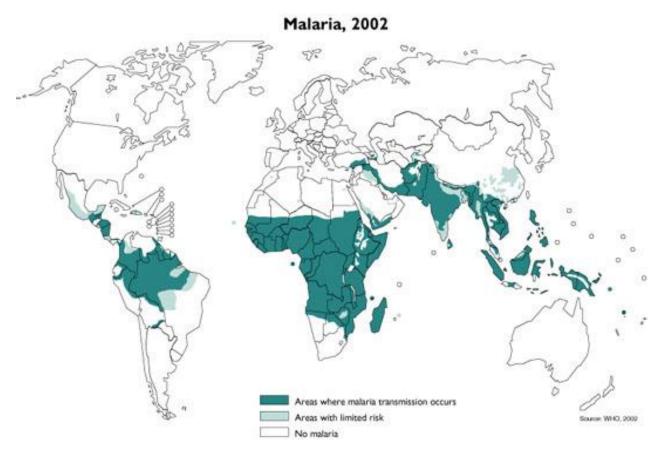
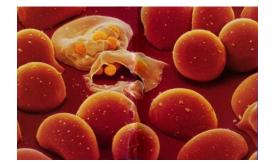
Ecology and Population Biology 314 Professor: Scott Nuismer

What is population biology?

What factors determine a species geographic range?



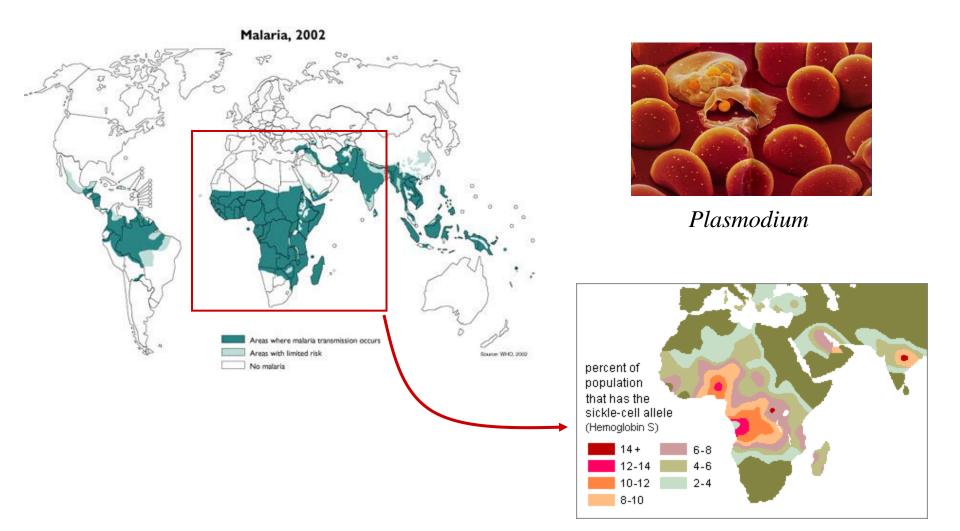


Plasmodium



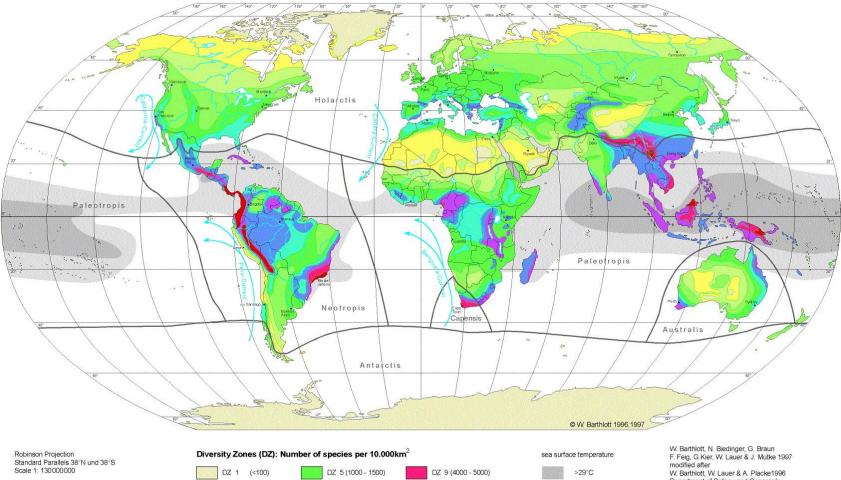
Anopheles

Why does genetic structure exist?



What explains geographic variation in biodiversity?

GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY: SPECIES NUMBERS OF VASCULAR PLANTS



 DZ 1 (<100)</td>
 DZ 5 (1000 - 1500)
 DZ 9 (4000 - 5000)
 >29°C

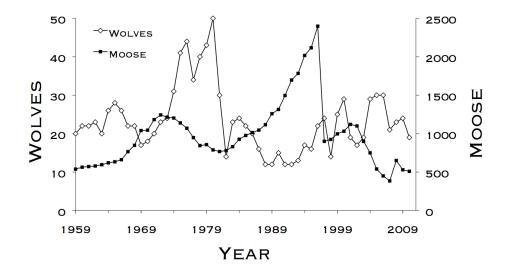
 DZ 2 (100 - 200)
 DZ 6 (1500 - 2000)
 DZ 10 (≥5000)
 >27°C

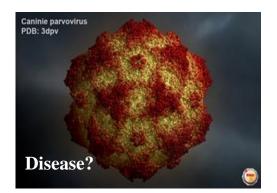
 DZ 3 (200 - 500)
 DZ 7 (2000 - 3000)
 Capensis floristic regions
 cold currents

W. Barthlott, N. Biedinger, G. Braun F. Feig, G. Kier, W. Lauer & J. Mutke 1997 modified after W Barthlott, W. Lauer & A. Placke 1996 Department of Botany and Geography University of Bonn German Aerospace Research Establishment, Cologne Cartography: M. Gref Department of Geography

University of Bonn

What regulates population sizes?





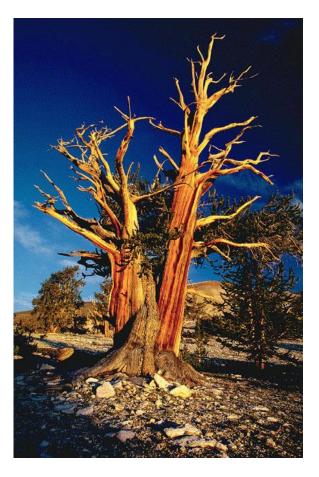




Why do some organisms live longer than others?



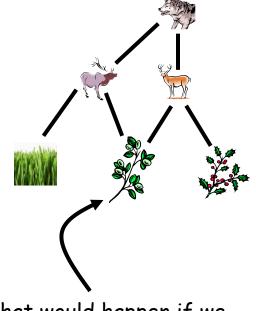
The official world record for the oldest human: 122 years, 164 days -- Jeanne Calment of France 113'th birthday party



Semi-official world record for oldest organism: "Methuselah" at 4,767 years.

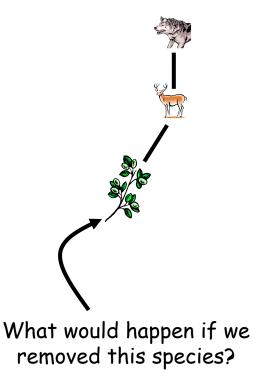
What are the consequences of community structure?

Many trophic links



What would happen if we removed this species?

Few trophic links



Course logistics

• People

• Components

• Grading

Professor: Dr. Scott Nuismer

Office:

266C Life Sciences South Office Hours: W 12:00-2:00pm or by appointment (preferred)



$$\Delta \overline{z} = \mathbf{G} \frac{1}{\overline{W}} \frac{\partial \overline{W}}{\partial \overline{z}} - m(\overline{z} - \overline{Z}) + \varepsilon$$

Teaching Assistant for the Monday Labs: Savannah Patterson



e-mail: **Office: Office Hours:** T 12:30-2:00

spatterson@uidaho.edu Gibb 244

Teaching Assistant for the Wednesday Lab: Mathew Singer



e-mail: **Office:**

msinger@uidaho.edu Gibb 229 **Office Hours:** M 10:00-12:00

Biology 314 course information

http://www.webpages.uidaho.edu/~snuismer/Nuismer_Lab/314.htm

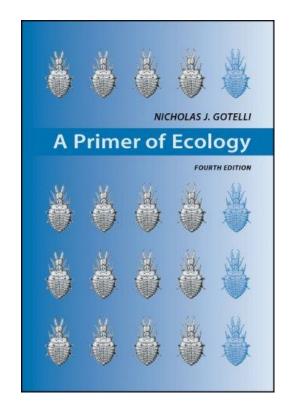
- Syllabus
- Lectures (posted ≈ the night before class)
- Laboratories (posted the week before)
- Exam practice questions (posted ≈ 1 week in advance)

Lectures

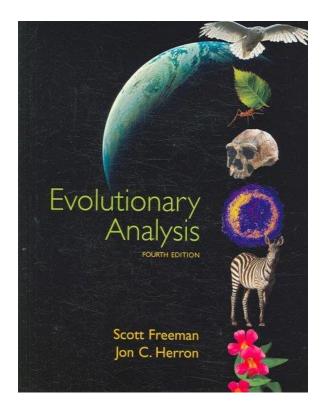
- Will be posted the night before
- Focus on major principles, concepts, and examples
- Include student driven solutions to practice problems/questions
- Attending lectures is ***NOT*** required
- Questions are encouraged

Supplementary texts

A Primer of Ecology 4'th edition N. J. Gotelli



Evolutionary Analysis 4'th edition S. A. Freeman & J. C. Herron



Provide additional background, detail, and alternative explanation for topics covered in the course

Laboratories (Begin January 26 or 28)

- Location: MCCL 214A
- Focus on the analysis of ecological and evolutionary data
- Divided into three multi-week modules, each of which includes:
 - 1. An introductory lecture
 - 2. A problem set
 - 3. Analysis of real (or re-synthesized) data
 - 4. A concise report
- Laboratory grade will be based on three problem sets and three reports

Exams

• Five 1 hour exams. Your grade is determined by the best four

• All exams are cumulative

• Laboratory material will be covered

• Exams will be based on exam practice questions (no surprises!)

- * No make up exams without a written, university approved excuse
- * Re-grades will only be considered within 5 days

Grading

Exams (4)	640
Problem Sets (3)	60
Laboratory Reports (3)	300
Total:	1000
> 90% is an A > 80% is an B > 70% is an C	

Grades are NOT rounded or curved. 89.999999% is a B, not an A...