Arch 463 ECS Fall 2018

k I			
Name			
Name			

## **FINAL**

40 Multiple Choice Questions

## Part 1—Review Questions on material covered in Midterms I & II











- 1. To remain comfortable in a hot environment, a person must
  - A. reduce their clo level to below 1.0
  - B. perspire
  - C. seek a breezy location
  - D. any of the above will help
- 2. A nice dense conifer placed on the windward side of a building will,
  - A. block the prevailing wind
  - B. filter the prevailing wind
  - C. merely add oxygen to the prevailing wind
  - D. provide shade and block the prevailing wind
- 3. In planning a summer vacation to Sequim, WA, you should
  - A. bring sun screen
  - B. pack an umbrella
  - C. bring slug repellent
  - D. none of the above

- 4. To gain full insight on the future effects of climate change you could model the passive performance of your ECS Lab building with
  - A. SBEED and morphed 2080 weather data
  - B. Sefaira and morphed 2080 weather data
  - C. Climate Consultant and morphed weather data
  - D. all of the above
  - 5. The balance point temperature is not determined in part by
    - A. outdoor air temperature
    - B. internal heat gains
    - C. building envelope components' thermal properties
    - D. all of the above contribute to the determination
  - 6. You would best use energy performance modeling during the design process to
    - A. evaluate design alternatives
    - B. determine energy use accurately
    - C. be awarded LEED points
    - D. all of the above
- 7. Local vernacular architecture can inspire contemporary high performance design by
  - A. specifying appropriate materiality
  - B. demonstrating successful passive strategies
  - C. dictating proper building configuration
  - D. all of the above
  - 8. Which of the following is not a passive solar heating strategy
    - A. direct gain with thermal mass
    - B. a Trombe wall
    - C. a remote thermo-siphon
    - D. all of the above are passive
  - 9. West-facing windows must be shaded to achieve effective passive cooling because
    - A. they have low R-values
    - B. their solar gain per square foot in summer is very high
    - C. they are susceptible to infiltration gains
    - D. all of the above
- 10. The composite R-value of a wall with R-30 insulation, R-6 windows, and an R-3 door is
  - A. R-39
  - B. the weighted average by area of all the components
  - C. R-13
  - D. R-3

- 11. BedZED was designed so that
  - A. residents could have a one earth ecological footprint
  - B. its passive systems insure that all residents live within the earth's capacity
  - C. all innovative systems were robust and long lasting
  - D. none of the above
- 12. Occupants of Rogers' Chiswick Park "Enjoy Work" because
  - A. the site has a pedestrian-only central park
  - B. exterior shading devices respond to weather conditions
  - C. work spaces are well daylighted
  - D. all of the above
- 13. If you've designed a typical high-rise with a central core, the most elegant thermal zoning can be attained by
  - A. specifying glass curtain walls for all façades
  - B. giving executives corner offices
  - C. minimizing glazing on the east and west façades
  - D. specifying punched windows on all façades

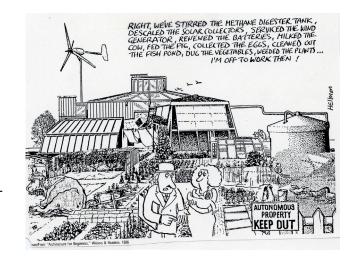


- 14. HEED modeling of passive performance of the Brillhart House showed that shifting the elongated axis from N-S to E-W had little effect on passive performance because
  - A. the building is quite small
  - B. the wide, roofed porches are equally effective in both orientations
  - C. the building is raised off the ground
  - D. the building requires plenty of mechanical heating and cooling
  - 15. for effective daylighting Viñoy's Pittsburgh Convention Center uses
    - A. slit skylights
    - B. a near all-white interior scheme
    - C. orientation on an east-west axis
    - D. all of the above

- 16. You would choose an active solar heating strategy
  - A. when seasonal heat storage is viable
  - B. when maximum heating efficiency is required
  - C. when PV energy is cost effective
  - D. when the climate features cloudy winters
- 17. The active solar collectors whose efficiency is least affected by cloudy skies are
  - A. concentrating collectors
  - B. amorphous flat plate collectors
  - C. evacuated tube collectors
  - D. all of the above are equally affected
- 18. The common feature of active systems in the Mayhew house and the Bevans house is
  - A. air collectors
  - B. thermal mass heat storage
  - C. radiant heating
  - D. none of the above
  - 19. A double-duct HVAC system is a good choice for
    - A. a large warehouse
    - B. a multistory mixed-use building
    - C. a dormitory
    - D. all of the above
  - 20. Building integrated roof-top PVs can save first costs because
    - A. they may replace conventional roofing
    - B. they may be integrated into a net metering scheme
    - C. they are a low-maintenance system
    - D. all of the above

## Part 2—Questions on New Material

- 21. The Pompidou Center in Paris demonstrates
  - A. systems integration as a design element
  - B. lack of concern for dayligthing and shading
  - C. mechanical and structural systems exposed only on the exterior
  - D. all of the above



- 22. Skyscrapers' mechanical floors
  - A. can be integrated with structure to resist lateral loads
  - B. are always hidden in basements and attics
  - C. are needed about one every 50 floors
  - D. none of the above

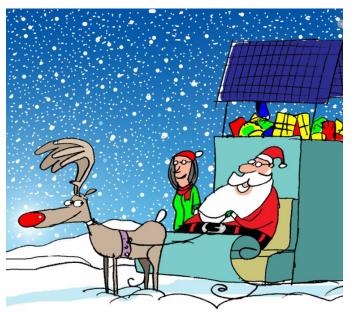
- 23. In the Larkin Building Frank Lloyd Wright used strong vertical elements
  - A. to house vertical circulation
  - B. to house ductwork for fresh air intake at the roof level
  - C. to provide shading for windows
  - D. all of the above
- 24. The roof-mounted cowls at Arup Campus in Solihul
  - A. are BMS managed shading devices
  - B. are glazed on their southeast and southwest sides
  - C. are combined daylight and ventilation providers
  - D. all of the above
- 25. For Arup Campus, Arup Associates used physical models to test
  - A. daylighting strategies
  - B. natural ventilation strategies
  - C. structural strategies
  - D. all of the above
- 26. A green wall inside a lecture hall is best placed
  - A. near the lectern
  - B. on one side wall
  - C. at the back of the room
  - D. all of the above are equally effective
- 27. The most likely place to discover poor indoor air quality is
  - A. a hotel room
  - B. a radiantly heated building
  - C. a rare book depository
  - D. a shower in a locker room
- 28. The rating system that awards credit for high indoor air quality is
  - A. LEED
  - B. the Living Building Challenge
  - C. the Well Building Standard
  - D. all of the above
- 29. A compression-based cooling system depends on
  - A. the fact that decompression of gas cools the gas
  - B. change of state from vapor to liquid heats the surrounding environment
  - C. change of state from liquid to vapor cools the surrounding environment
  - D. all of the above
- 30. An advantage of absorption-based cooling system in a hot climate is that it
  - A. can use solar heat for cooling
  - B. is less complex than compression-based cooling
  - C. is often coupled with a ground-source heat pump
  - D. none of the above

- 31. The least successful feature of the Chesapeake Bay Foundation HQ is
  - A. its water catchment system
  - B. the installation of composting toilets
  - C. the building integrated PV system
  - D. its low-maintenance landscape
- 32. The Chesapeake Bay Foundation HQ near Annapolis is a great example of integrated design because
  - A. it achieved LEED Gold
  - B. its PV array makes it carbon-neutral
  - C. all passive and active systems were considered early in the design process
  - D. all of the above
- 33. The Crystal in London is an exemplary green building because
  - A. it is totally passive
  - B. it has a public dashboard that reports systems performance
  - C. it is carbon neutral
  - D. it is the headquarters for an alternative energy corporation
- 34. The Scottish Parliament is a green building that features
  - A. green roofs that merge into the landscape
  - B. a daylighted debate chamber
  - C. annual reporting and improvement in setting/meeting green goals
  - D. all of the above
  - 35. London City Hall (GLA) features
    - A. an effective shading strategy
    - B. performance at levels well above the average green office building
    - C. a natural ventilation strategy
    - D. none of the above
- 36. Lessons learned from the operation of the John Hope Gateway in Edinburgh include
  - A. vertical axis turbines shake buildings
  - B. ETFE clerestories and skylights deteriorate quickly
  - C. river rock drainage and solar panels present a performance conflict
  - D. all of the above



- 37. The most energy efficient outdoor vertical circulation device is
  - A. the Falkirk Wheel
  - B. the funicular at CAT
  - C. the elevator system in the Eiffel Tower
  - D. Pei's entry elevator at the Louvre
- 38. Which of the following elevator types is used in the Statue of Liberty?
  - A. traction
  - B. hydraulic
  - C. rack and pinion
  - D. none of the above
- 39. Post occupancy evaluation (POE) is most effective
  - A. before commissioning
  - B. just after commissioning
  - C. about 1 year after occupancy begins
  - D. when done periodically over the life-span of the building
  - 40. A smart-phone friendly occupant survey system is available from
    - A. UC Berkeley's Center for the Built Environment
    - B. the Usable Building Trust
    - C. Kieran Timberlake Architects
    - D. all of the above

Done now! Have a happy and restful holiday!



"Since I went solar, I'm spared the gas emissions."