

# Chesapeake Bay Foundation

## Annapolis, Maryland

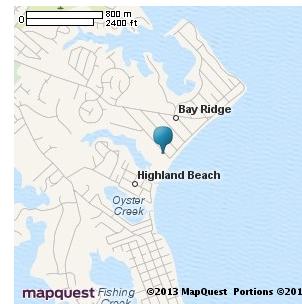


### Case Study #3 “A Sustainable Site & Building”

Catie Buck | Kalyn Dorendorf | Matt Fuhr

## Building Description | Location

Annapolis is the capital of the U.S. state of Maryland. Annapolis is situated on the Chesapeake Bay at the mouth of the Severn River, 26 miles south of Baltimore and about 29 miles east of Washington, D.C. It is also home of St. John's College.



Lat/Lon: 38 degrees N - 76 degrees W  
Elevation: 39 feet  
Land Area: 7.18 square miles  
Population: 38,880  
Rainfall: 47.3" per year.

## Building Description:



-Owned and occupied by the Chesapeake Bay Foundation Inc and is a non-profit organization designed by SmithGroup Inc.

-Recognized as one of the "greenest" buildings ever constructed on has received a rating of Platinum from the USGreen Building Council.

### **Building Statistics:**

Completion Date: November, 2000

Cost: \$6.36 M

Size: 30,600 gross square feet

Construction Type: 3B, Two Stories over Open Parking

Use Group: Business(B), Assembly(A-3), Storage(S-2)

Lot Size: 33 acres

Annual Energy Use: 23 kBtu/sf/year

-Typically occupied by 80 people, 40 hours per person per week

- This conventional office environment is open 8:30 AM to 5:30 PM. Weekend and evening functions are occasionally held at the Center.

## Building Description:



### **Building Program:**

#### **Indoor Spaces:**

Office: 65 percent

Conference: 10 percent

Mechanical Systems: 9 percent

Lobby/ Reception: 4 percent

Circulation: 4 percent

Restroom: 3 percent

Electrical Systems: 3 percent

Dining: 2 percent

#### **Exterior Spaces:**

Restored Landscape: 48 percent

Wildlife Habitat: 40 percent

Parking: 5 percent

Interpretive Landscape: 2 percent

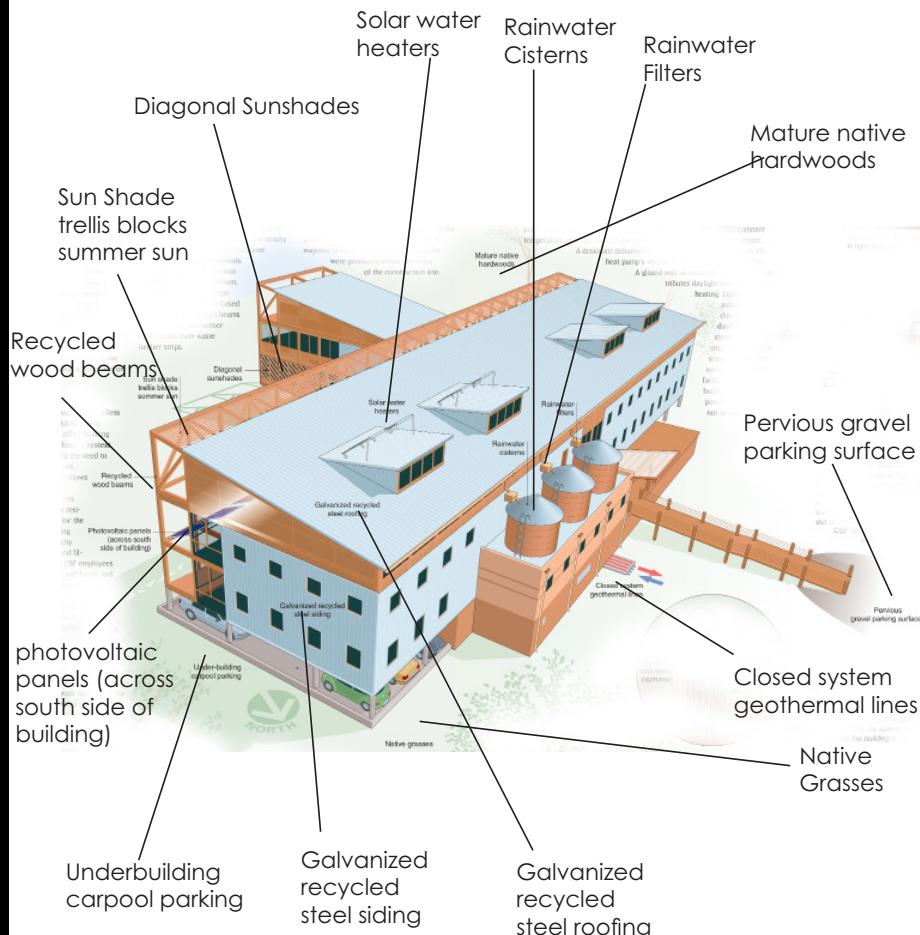
Drives/Roadway: 2 percent

Pedestrian Path: 2 percent

Patio/Hardscape: 1 percent

## Sustainable Features:

The staff enjoys an inspirational open-plan workplace full of day-light and natural ventilation. Outside, the building systems capture solar power, geothermal energy and even rainwater for use by the client.



## Sustainable Features:



**A "Less Is More" Interior**  
- Natural/renewable materials

## A Simple, Healthy Design

- operable windows = natural ventilation
- Shed Roof- recycle water
- Passive-solar principles and outdoor-air ventilation and annual lighting and HVAC needs.
- The site has fewer parking spaces than usual, as the client's transportation management strategy meant more commuting by foot and bike - even by boat.



# Sustainable Features:

## Recycled Materials:

-The galvanized siding made from cans, cars and other recycled metal objects, the building was designed to use 10 percent of the potable water and 30 percent of the energy of the typical office building.

- Parallel strand lumber

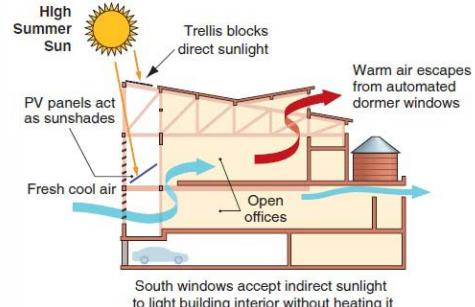
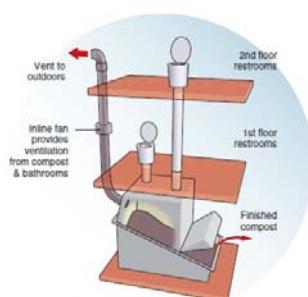
-Natural resources are harvested daily, including rainwater, solar energy, and the earth's constant ground temperature.

## Energy:

- Structurally insulated panels (SIPs) form the building envelope, using less wood than conventional framing and resulting in a higher R-value.
- Solar hot water heating
- ground source heat pump system for heating and cooling.

## Water:

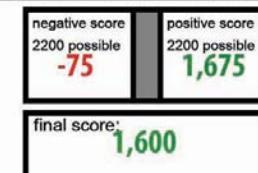
- composting toilets
- rainwater catchment system captures water, also reducing the need to draw from wells.
- bioretention storm water treatment system
- native plants



# SBSE'S Updated Malcolm Well's Checklist

Regeneration-Based Checklist for Design and Construction  
Chesapeake Bay Foundation © SBSE @ Tadoussac 1999

Project: the site	Headquarters			
	degeneration	sustainability	regeneration	
	-100 always	-75 usually	-50 sometimes	-25 a bit
pollutes air				●
pollutes water				●
wastes rainwater			●	
consumes food	●			
destroys rich soil		●		
dumps wastes unused		●		
destroys wildlife habitat		●		
imports energy		●		
requires fuel-powered transportation	●			
intensifies local weather		●		
excludes daylight		●		
uses mechanical heating		●		
uses mechanical cooling		●		
needs cleaning and repair		●		
produces human discomfort		●		
uses fuel-powered circulation		●		
pollutes indoor air		●		
is built of virgin materials				●
cannot be recycled			●	
serves as an icon for the apocalypse			●	
is a bad neighbor		●		
is ugly		●		



# LEED Checklist:



**LEED-NC**

## LEED-NC Version 2.2 Registered Project Checklist

Yes ? No

### 10 Sustainable Sites 14 Points

Y		Prereq 1 Construction Activity Pollution Prevention	Required
●	●	Credit 1 Site Selection	1
●	●	Credit 2 Development Density & Community Connectivity	1
●	●	Credit 3 Brownfield Redevelopment	1
●	●	Credit 4.1 Alternative Transportation, Public Transportation Access	1
●	●	Credit 4.2 Alternative Transportation, Bicycle Storage & Changing Rooms	1
●	●	Credit 4.3 Alternative Transportation, Low-Emitting and Fuel-Efficient Vehicles	1
●	●	Credit 4.4 Alternative Transportation, Parking Capacity	1
●	●	Credit 5.1 Site Development, Protect or Restore Habitat	1
●	●	Credit 5.2 Site Development, Maximize Open Space	1
●	●	Credit 6.1 Stormwater Design, Quantity Control	1
●	●	Credit 6.2 Stormwater Design, Quality Control	1
●	●	Credit 7.1 Heat Island Effect, Non-Roof	1
●	●	Credit 7.2 Heat Island Effect, Roof	1
●	●	Credit 8 Light Pollution Reduction	1

Yes ? No

### 5 Water Efficiency 5 Points

●	●	Credit 1.1 Water Efficient Landscaping, Reduce by 50%	1
●	●	Credit 1.2 Water Efficient Landscaping, No Potable Use or No Irrigation	1
●	●	Credit 2 Innovative Wastewater Technologies	1
●	●	Credit 3.1 Water Use Reduction, 20% Reduction	1
●	●	Credit 3.2 Water Use Reduction, 30% Reduction	1

Yes ? No

### 16 Energy & Atmosphere 17 Points

Y		Prereq 1 Fundamental Commissioning of the Building Energy Systems	Required
Y		Prereq 2 Minimum Energy Performance	Required
Y		Prereq 3 Fundamental Refrigerant Management	Required
●	●	Credit 1 Optimize Energy Performance	1 to 10
●	●	Credit 2 On-Site Renewable Energy	1 to 3
●	●	Credit 3 Enhanced Commissioning	1
●	●	Credit 4 Enhanced Refrigerant Management	1
●	●	Credit 5 Measurement & Verification	1
●	●	Credit 6 Green Power	1

continued...

Overall, the Chesapeake Bay Foundation scored high on the LEED checklist. From our analysis of LEED criteria, this building would be considered LEED Platinum.

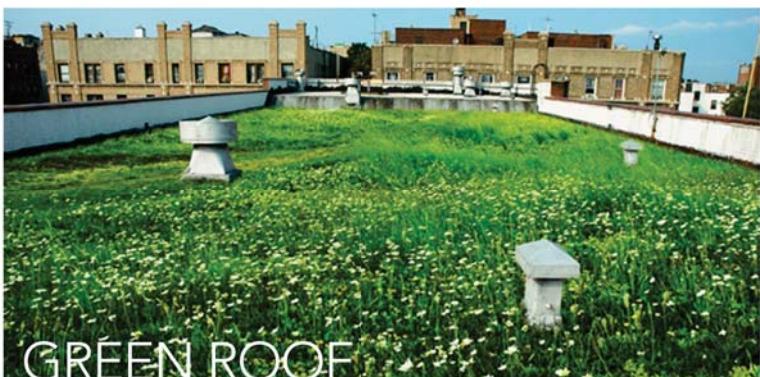
# LEED Checklist:

Yes ? No		10 Materials & Resources 13 Points
<b>Y</b>		Prereq 1 Storage & Collection of Recyclables
● ●		Credit 1.1 Building Reuse, Maintain 75% of Existing Walls, Floors & Roof
● ●		Credit 1.2 Building Reuse, Maintain 100% of Existing Walls, Floors & Roof
● ●		Credit 1.3 Building Reuse, Maintain 50% of Interior Non-Structural Elements
● ●		Credit 2.1 Construction Waste Management, Divert 50% from Disposal
● ●		Credit 2.2 Construction Waste Management, Divert 75% from Disposal
● ●		Credit 3.1 Materials Reuse, 5%
● ●		Credit 3.2 Materials Reuse, 10%
● ●		Credit 4.1 Recycled Content, 10% (post-consumer + ½ pre-consumer)
● ●		Credit 4.2 Recycled Content, 20% (post-consumer + ½ pre-consumer)
● ●		Credit 5.1 Regional Materials, 10% Extracted, Processed & Manufactured Regio
● ●		Credit 5.2 Regional Materials, 20% Extracted, Processed & Manufactured Regio
● ●		Credit 6 Rapidly Renewable Materials
● ●		Credit 7 Certified Wood
Yes ? No		11 Indoor Environmental Quality 15 Points
<b>Y</b>		Prereq 1 Minimum IAQ Performance
<b>Y</b>		Prereq 2 Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control
● ●		Credit 1 Outdoor Air Delivery Monitoring
● ●		Credit 2 Increased Ventilation
● ●		Credit 3.1 Construction IAQ Management Plan, During Construction
● ●		Credit 3.2 Construction IAQ Management Plan, Before Occupancy
● ●		Credit 4.1 Low-Emitting Materials, Adhesives & Sealants
● ●		Credit 4.2 Low-Emitting Materials, Paints & Coatings
● ●		Credit 4.3 Low-Emitting Materials, Carpet Systems
● ●		Credit 4.4 Low-Emitting Materials, Composite Wood & Agrifiber Products
● ●		Credit 5 Indoor Chemical & Pollutant Source Control
● ●		Credit 6.1 Controllability of Systems, Lighting
● ●		Credit 6.2 Controllability of Systems, Thermal Comfort
● ●		Credit 7.1 Thermal Comfort, Design
● ●		Credit 7.2 Thermal Comfort, Verification
● ●		Credit 8.1 Daylight & Views, Daylight 75% of Spaces
● ●		Credit 8.2 Daylight & Views, Views for 90% of Spaces
Yes ? No		3 Innovation & Design Process 5 Points
● ●		Credit 1.1 Innovation in Design: Provide Specific Title
● ●		Credit 1.2 Innovation in Design: Provide Specific Title
● ●		Credit 1.3 Innovation in Design: Provide Specific Title
● ●		Credit 1.4 Innovation in Design: Provide Specific Title
● ●		Credit 2 LEED® Accredited Professional
Yes ? No		55 Project Totals (pre-certification estimates) 69 Points
Certified 26-32 points Silver 33-38 points Gold 39-51 points Platinum 52-69 points		

# Building Redesign



WIND TURBINES



GREEN ROOF



PERMEABLE PAVING

# Building Redesign



WIND TURBINES

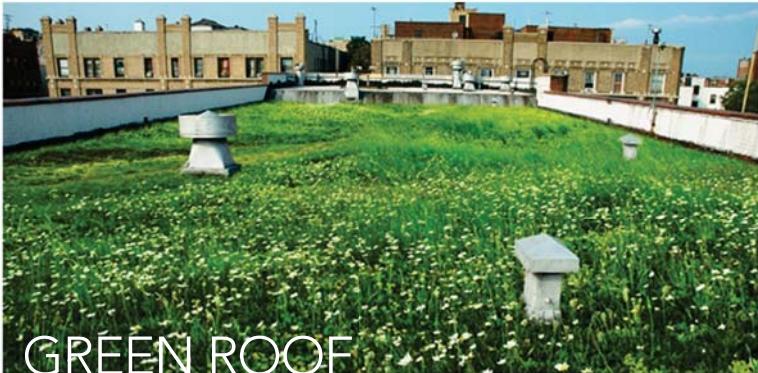
The Chesapeake Bay Foundation Headquarters is not a net zero building. It currently imports more electricity than it generates with its existing PVs. Being on the coast the site experiences average wind speeds of 19.74 mph. This makes this large site perfectly suited for wind generation.



BATTERY ARRAY

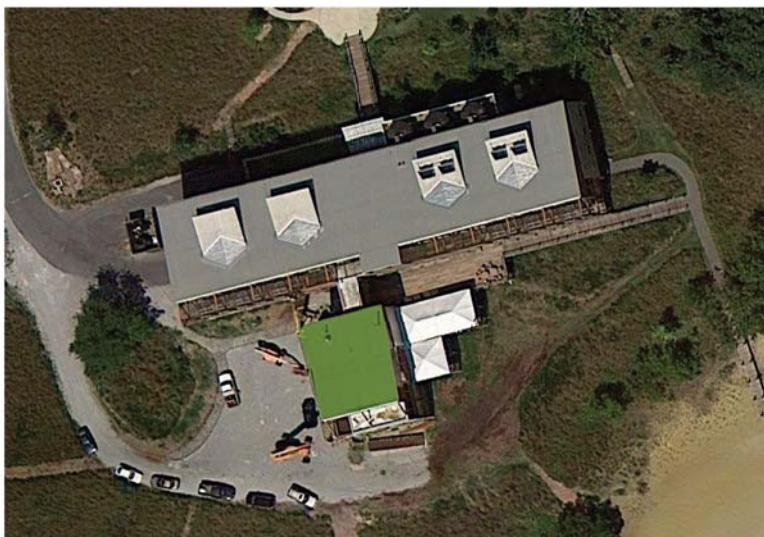


# Building Redesign



## GREEN ROOF

The Chesapeake Bay Foundation Headquarters received high scores for efficiency and use of recycled materials but received lower scores for not reducing the heat island effect. While the main focus is collecting grey water the secondary building attached does not.



# Building Redesign



## PERMEABLE PAVING

The Chesapeake Bay Foundation Headquarters could continue to improve its score for reducing the heat island effect by replacing its paved surfaces with more permeable surfaces or drivable grass. While the main parking lot is gravel it could be improved to drivable grass and the access road and loading could be permeable as well.



# SBSE's Updated Malcolm Well's Checklist

Regeneration-Based Checklist for Design and Construction Chesapeake Bay Foundation © SBSE @ Taloussac 1999						
Project: Headquarters		degeneration	sustainability	regeneration		
		-100 always	-75 usually	-50 sometimes	0 balances	25 a bit
the site	pollutes air			●	cleans air	
	pollutes water			●	cleans water	
	wastes rainwater			●	stores rainwater	
	consumes food	●			produces food	
	destroys rich soil			●	creates rich soil	
	dumps wastes unused		●		consumes wastes	
	destroys wildlife habitat			●	provides wildlife habitat	
	imports energy			●	exports energy	
	requires fuel-powered transportation		●		requires human-powered transportation	
	intensifies local weather			●	moderates local weather	
the building	excludes daylight			●	uses daylight	
	uses mechanical heating			●	uses passive heating	
	uses mechanical cooling			●	uses passive cooling	
	needs cleaning and repair			●	maintains itself	
	produces human discomfort			●	provides human comfort	
	uses fuel-powered circulation			●	uses human-powered circulation	
	pollutes indoor air			●	creates pure indoor air	
	is built of virgin materials			●	is built of recycled materials	
	cannot be recycled			●	can be recycled	
	serves as an icon for the apocalypse			●	serves as an icon for regeneration	
	is a bad neighbor			●	is a good neighbor	
	is ugly			●	is beautiful	
		negative score 2200 possible <b>-75</b>	positive score 2200 possible <b>1725</b>			
final score: <b>1650</b>						

# Redesign LEED Checklist



LEED-NC Version 2.2 Registered Project Checklist

13 Sustainable Sites		14 Points
Y	Prereq 1 Construction Activity Pollution Prevention	Required
●	Credit 1 Site Selection	1
●	Credit 2 Development Density & Community Connectivity	1
●	Credit 3 Brownfield Redevelopment	1
●	Credit 4.1 Alternative Transportation, Public Transportation Access	1
●	Credit 4.2 Alternative Transportation, Bicycle Storage & Changing Rooms	1
●	Credit 4.3 Alternative Transportation, Low-Emitting and Fuel-Efficient Vehicles	1
●	Credit 4.4 Alternative Transportation, Parking Capacity	1
●	Credit 5.1 Site Development, Protect or Restore Habitat	1
●	Credit 5.2 Site Development, Maximize Open Space	1
●	Credit 6.1 Stormwater Design, Quantity Control	1
●	Credit 6.2 Stormwater Design, Quality Control	1
●	Credit 7.1 Heat Island Effect, Non-Roof	1
●	Credit 7.2 Heat Island Effect, Roof	1
●	Credit 8 Light Pollution Reduction	1
Yes ? No		
5 Water Efficiency		5 Points
●	Credit 1.1 Water Efficient Landscaping, Reduce by 50%	1
●	Credit 1.2 Water Efficient Landscaping, No Potable Use or No Irrigation	1
●	Credit 2 Innovative Wastewater Technologies	1
●	Credit 3.1 Water Use Reduction, 20% Reduction	1
●	Credit 3.2 Water Use Reduction, 30% Reduction	1
Yes ? No		
16 Energy & Atmosphere		17 Points
Y	Prereq 1 Fundamental Commissioning of the Building Energy Systems	Required
Y	Prereq 2 Minimum Energy Performance	Required
Y	Prereq 3 Fundamental Refrigerant Management	Required
●	Credit 1 Optimize Energy Performance	1 to 10
●	Credit 2 On-Site Renewable Energy	1 to 3
●	Credit 3 Enhanced Commissioning	1
●	Credit 4 Enhanced Refrigerant Management	1
●	Credit 5 Measurement & Verification	1
●	Credit 6 Green Power	1

continued...

# Redesign LEED Checklist

Yes ? No

**10**

## Materials & Resources

13 Points



### Prereq 1 Storage & Collection of Recyclables

Required

- Credit 1.1 **Building Reuse**, Maintain 75% of Existing Walls, Floors & Roof
- Credit 1.2 **Building Reuse**, Maintain 100% of Existing Walls, Floors & Roof
- Credit 1.3 **Building Reuse**, Maintain 50% of Interior Non-Structural Elements
- Credit 2.1 **Construction Waste Management**, Divert 50% from Disposal
- Credit 2.2 **Construction Waste Management**, Divert 75% from Disposal
- Credit 3.1 **Materials Reuse**, 5%
- Credit 3.2 **Materials Reuse**, 10%
- Credit 4.1 **Recycled Content**, 10% (post-consumer + ½ pre-consumer)
- Credit 4.2 **Recycled Content**, 20% (post-consumer + ½ pre-consumer)
- Credit 5.1 **Regional Materials**, 10% Extracted, Processed & Manufactured Region
- Credit 5.2 **Regional Materials**, 20% Extracted, Processed & Manufactured Region
- Credit 6 **Rapidly Renewable Materials**
- Credit 7 **Certified Wood**

Yes ? No

**11**

## Indoor Environmental Quality

15 Points



### Prereq 1 Minimum IAQ Performance

Required

- Prereq 2 **Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control**
- Credit 1 **Outdoor Air Delivery Monitoring**
- Credit 2 **Increased Ventilation**
- Credit 3.1 **Construction IAQ Management Plan**, During Construction
- Credit 3.2 **Construction IAQ Management Plan**, Before Occupancy
- Credit 4.1 **Low-Emitting Materials**, Adhesives & Sealants
- Credit 4.2 **Low-Emitting Materials**, Paints & Coatings
- Credit 4.3 **Low-Emitting Materials**, Carpet Systems
- Credit 4.4 **Low-Emitting Materials**, Composite Wood & Agrifiber Products
- Credit 5 **Indoor Chemical & Pollutant Source Control**
- Credit 6.1 **Controllability of Systems**, Lighting
- Credit 6.2 **Controllability of Systems**, Thermal Comfort
- Credit 7.1 **Thermal Comfort**, Design
- Credit 7.2 **Thermal Comfort**, Verification
- Credit 8.1 **Daylight & Views**, Daylight 75% of Spaces
- Credit 8.2 **Daylight & Views**, Views for 90% of Spaces

Yes ? No

**3**

## Innovation & Design Process

5 Points



- Credit 1.1 **Innovation in Design**: Provide Specific Title
- Credit 1.2 **Innovation in Design**: Provide Specific Title
- Credit 1.3 **Innovation in Design**: Provide Specific Title
- Credit 1.4 **Innovation in Design**: Provide Specific Title
- Credit 2 **LEED® Accredited Professional**

Yes ? No

**58**

## Project Totals (pre-certification estimates)

69 Points

Certified 26-32 points Silver 33-38 points Gold 39-51 points Platinum 52-69 points

# Conclusion

While the Chesapeake Bay Foundation Headquarters is a LEED platinum building it still consumes more energy than it produces. Efforts through the installation of wind turbines, battery arrays, and LED lighting can help this building come closer to achieving Net Zero.

In addition, the Chesapeake Bay Foundation Headquarters can improve upon its existing LEED points by reducing the heat island effect through the implementation of a green roof, permeable pathways, and drivable grass.