#### New Technologies in Asphalt Testing

Wade Collins Vice-President Pavement Technology Inc. October 22, 2015



#### Why is Performance Testing Important?

- Can be used to Evaluate a mix design in the lab and Predict how well it will perform prior to making an investment to place it on the roadway
- Can be used to make the best or most effective use of a situation, opportunity, or resource
- Allows a user to increase understanding of the factors which drive mix performance
- Can be Used to Correlate lab predictions to field results
- Can be used to test Plant Produced Mixes and Cores from the in place compacted mix.
- · Provides a performance history of a mix from beginning to end
- Can allow mix designers to look at Life Cycle Cost Analysis versus Initial Cost

#### Why is Performance Testing Important?-Continued

- "Mixture Economics" can be introduced into the Mix Design Process. Mixes can be designed that cost less without compromising their performance. Ex. Increasing percentage or RAP/RAS
- Improve the Quality of Asphalt Mixes
- Utilized as a Forensic Tool for projects slated for rehabilitation. Information can be used to determine a proper rehabilitation strategy
- · Rewards innovative and proactive contractors
- Qualify Aggregate Sources
- Warranty and Design Build Projects
- Conflict resolution between DOT and Producer

#### **New Technologies**

- Performance Testing
  - Rutting(AASHTO T340-10)
  - Moisture Susceptibility-Hamburg(AASHTO T324-14)
  - Fatigue
- Real-Time Quality Control
  - Asphalt Plant
  - Aggregate Plant



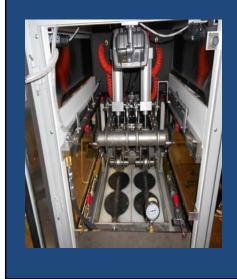
- Test Temperature: Hi-PG Temp(Ex. 64C)
- Load 100lbs.
- Hose Pressure 100psi
- Speed 60 cycles per minute
- Test Duration 8,000 cycles (2 ½ hours)
- Samples are tested in a dry environment
- Gyratory Samples(75mm or Design 115mm samples) are utilized for testing
- Field Cores and Slab Specimens can also be tested



# Asphalt Pavement Analyzer-Junior (APA Jr)



## Chamber View of APA Jr Rut Testing





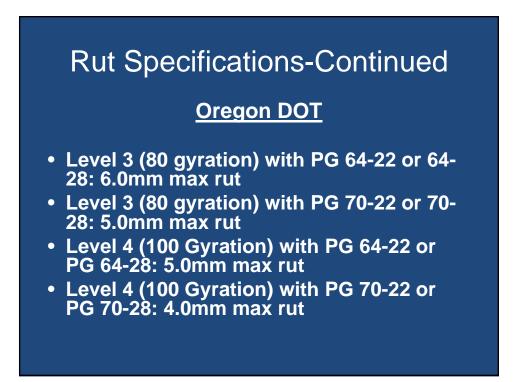
# Rutted Beam and Cylindrical Specimens Tested in the APA



#### **Rut Specifications**

**Arkansas DOT** 

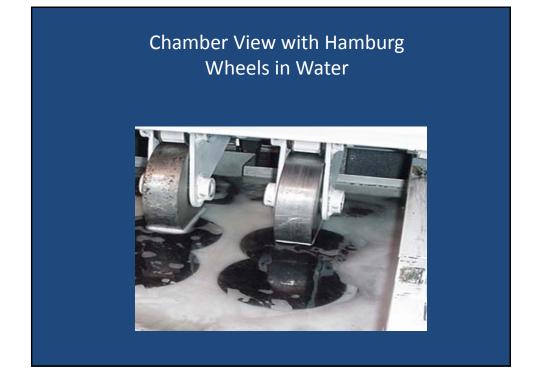
- Design ESAL's < 3.0, Nmax 115, Ndes 75, PG64-22, LWT: Max 8mm
- Design ESAL's 3.0 30.0 Nmax 160, Ndes 100, PG70-22, LWT: Max 5mm
- Design ESAL's > 30.0 Nmax 205, Ndes 125, PG76-22,LWT: Max 5mm
- These LWT results are for any of the type of mix, 9.5, 12.5, 25.0 or 37.5mm



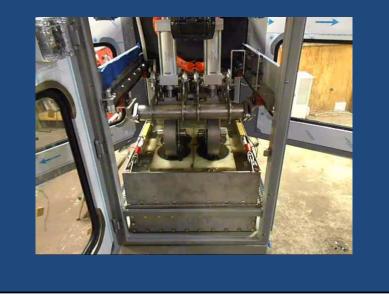
#### AASHTO T 324-14 (Hamburg Test Method)

- Test Temperature: 50C
- Load 158lbs.
- Speed 50 passes per minute
- Test Duration 20,000 passes (Approx. 7 hours)
- Samples are submerged in water during test
- Gyratory Samples(62+/- 2mm height x 150mm diameter) will need to cut and "Butted Together" inside the molds
- Field Cores and Slab Specimens can also be tested





## Hamburg Test-APA Jr.



## Hamburg-Type Cylindrical Samples(Testing Complete)



## Hamburg Specifications

**California DOT** 

PG 58	10,000 passes
PG 64	15,000 passes
PG 70	20,000 passes
PG 76 or Higher	25,000 passes

12.5mm Max Allowable Depth

#### Hamburg Specifications-Continued

#### **Illinois DOT**

PG 58 or lower	5,000 passes
PG 64	7,500 passes
PG 70	15,000 passes
PG 76 or Higher	20,000 passes

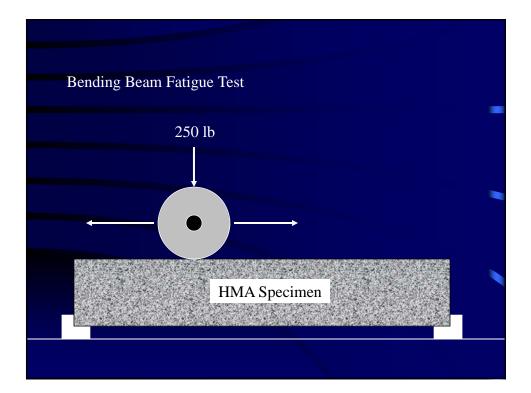
Max Allowable Depth shall be less than or equal to 12.5mm

Chamber picture with Solid Steel Wheels(Fatigue Testing)

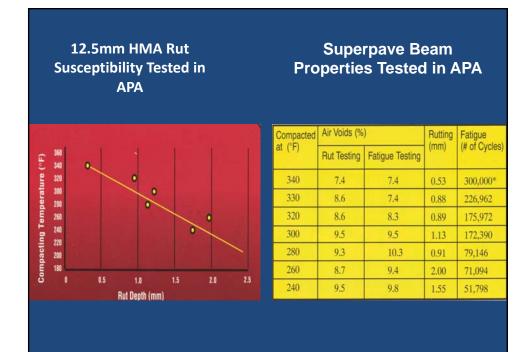


# Asphalt Vibratory Compactor(AVC)





Pro	pertie	s Tested	in <i>P</i>	<b>IPA</b>		Tested in APA	
Compacted at (°F)	Air Voids (%)	Rutting Fatigue					
	Rut Testing	Fatigue Testing	(mm)	(# of Cycles)	€ 350 . 340		
300	6.7	6.8	6.38	46,718	Compacting Temperature (°F) 007 005 005 005 005 005 005 005	이 많 동물을 즐기 다	
290	7.1	7.4	6.26	20,956	280		
280	7.0	7.5	6.06	19,690	E 260 L 240		
260	7.6	8.0	7.47	13,198	E 220		
240	8.5	8.4	9.50	8,010	200 E 180		•
220	8.2	8.6	10.72	4,578	3 0	3 6 9 12	1
200	9.1	9.5	14.84	4,250		Rut Depth (mm)	







10/23/2015







# Robotic Truck Sampling Device (RTSD)



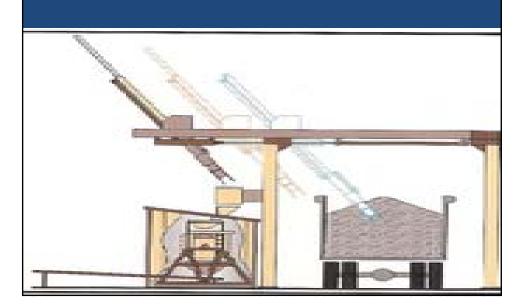
#### Benefits of the Robotic Truck Sampling Device (RTSD)

- Safely captures a representative sample along the cross section of the mix
- RTSD can be used to sample asphalt or aggregate
- Sample sizes can be obtained up to 60lbs.
- Sampling time is less than a minute
- Volumetrics are more consistent (Asphalt Content, Gradation, VMA, VFA)
- Adjustments to the plant can be made in a timely manner
- · Fewer adjustments have to be made
- Contractors have fewer test result disputes with DOT's.
- Contractors can maximize pay factors by producing mix that is close to the original job mix formula





#### REAL-TIME QUALITY CONTROL SYSTEM ASPHALT PLANT







#### REAL-TIME QUALITY CONTROL SYSTEM AGGREGATE PLANT



#### REAL-TIME QUALITY CONTROL SYSTEM AGGREGATE PLANT



# QUESTIONS??????