

- (A) no correlation or causation is described.
- (B) correlation only – the statement(s) merely describe one or more non-zero correlations,
- (C) causation only – the statement(s) merely describing one or more non-zero correlations,
- (D) correlation and causation are described and go in the same direction
- (E) correlation and causation are described but go in opposite directions (Simpson's paradox)